



**BOKAN RARE EARTH ELEMENT**

## CURRENT STATUS

October 2017

Ucore has confirmed the success of the SuperLig®-One (SL) technology pilot plant this past fall from an independent analysis that confirms and authenticated the separation of the Rare Earth Elements (REE). All REE have been recovered at >99% proving out the technology and providing a blueprint for future production facilities. The success of this pilot plant has initiated the planning and development of a SuperLig®-One Strategic Metals Complex (SMC) with Ucore and IBC Advanced Technologies, Inc. (IBC) of American Fork, Utah. Ucore has set out \$690k budget for detailed engineering and preliminary planning of the Production Plant. The initial feedstock is expected to be sourced from recycling, swarf and tailings-generation partners in the automotive and rare earth permanent magnet industries, with the final location of the SMC expected to be heavily dependent upon transportation logistics. “This Strategic Metals Complex represents not just a transition by Ucore towards near-term production and revenue,” said Jim McKenzie, President and CEO of Ucore. “It represents a reaction to a very real domestic need for high-purity energy metals. In turn, the SMC represents a significant progression for Ucore, capitalizing on the innovative design of SuperLig®-One, and leveraging this platform in to full scale production.”

## PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The Bokan-Dotson Ridge Rare Earth Element (Bokan REE) project is located at Bokan Mountain on the southern most part of the Alaskan panhandle. The Bokan REE property is enriched with heavy rare earth elements, including Dysprosium, Terbium and Yttrium. The project area is in Kendrick Bay on the southern end of Prince of Wales Island, approximately 37 miles southwest of Ketchikan. The project area includes approximately 9,500 acres of federal mining claims in the Tongass National Forest and 640 acres of state mining claims.



REEs are needed to make a wide-variety of items including high-tech military equipment, wind turbines, solar panels, advanced batteries, geothermal steam turbines, plus almost all high-tech consumer goods including flat screen TVs, computers, tablets and cell phones.

### PROJECT HISTORY

In 2006, Ucore acquired and leased the Bokan property and found heavy rare earth elements (HREE) via large scale drilling. Since Ucore acquired rights to the Bokan property, it has continued its exploration program to further define and measure the resource. In 2012, Ucore completed a preliminary mine design and entered into a strategic contract with the US Defense Logistics Agency. During 2013, Ucore filed a Preliminary Economic Assessment to map out a prospective path to production and updated its resource estimate. In 2014, the Alaska State Legislature authorized AIDEA to issue bonds to finance certain infrastructure costs for the Bokan REE project.

### BUDGET/FINANCE

The Alaska Legislature authorized AIDEA to issue bonds for up to \$145,000,000 to finance the infrastructure and construction costs of the Bokan REE project. The Bokan REE project's surface complex shall be owned and operated by or financed by AIDEA.

### PROJECT/ ECONOMIC BENEFITS

Evaluation of the economic benefits to the State of Alaska in terms of jobs development, business growth, and revenue are ongoing by AIDEA. Ucore continues to provide local employment in cooperation with the Prince of Wales Tribal Enterprise Consortium and Ketchikan area businesses.

### PARTNERS

*Project Proponent:* Ucore Rare Metals, Inc.

